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| Term | Definition | Real World Example |
| 1. Motivation
 |  |  |
| 1. Instinct
 |  |  |
| 1. Drive-Reduction Theory
 |  |  |
| 1. Homeostasis
 |  |  |
| 1. Incentive
 |  |  |
| 1. Yerkes-Dodson law
 |  |  |
| 1. Hierarchy of Needs
 |  |  |
| 1. Glucose
 |  |  |
| 1. Set Point
 |  |  |
| 1. Basal Metabolic Rate
 |  |  |
| 1. Sexual Response Cycle
 |  |  |
| 1. Refractory Period
 |  |  |
| 1. Sexual Dysfunction
 |  |  |
| 1. Estrogen
 |  |  |
| 1. Testosterone
 |  |  |
| 1. Emotion
 |  |  |
| 1. James-Lange Theory
 |  |  |
| 1. Cannon-Bard Theory
 |  |  |
| 1. Two-Factor Theory
 |  |  |
| 1. Polygraph
 |  |  |
| 1. Facial Feedback Effect
 |  |  |
| 1. Health Psychology
 |  |  |
| 1. Stress
 |  |  |
| 1. General Adaptation Syndrome
 |  |  |
| 1. Tend and befriend response
 |  |  |
| 1. Psychophysiological illness
 |  |  |
| 1. Psychoneuroimmunology
 |  |  |
| 1. Lymphocytes
 |  |  |
| 1. Type A
 |  |  |
| 1. Type B
 |  |  |

Significant Psychologists:

Abraham Maslow

William Masters

Virginia Johnson

William James

Stanley Schachter

Hans Selye